

A WOMAN AS A SUBJECT OF CRIMES AGAINST LIFE

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Annotation

This article describes the study and correct assessment of the socio-psychological state of women, who can commit an illegal act. This article discusses possible ways of classification women who are prone to committing a crime based on their socio-psychological state into types.

Keywords: women's, offense, illegal act, socio-psychological factor, deviant, frostbite, autism, educational and preventive measures.

Introduction

A woman is the owner of a subtle variety. A sweet word can cheer up a woman and change her life completely. But, unfortunately, in the opposite case, discrimination, snoring or other social problems, also changes a woman's life radically – not for the better side.

LITERATURE REVIEW

Today, the President of Uzbekistan pays a great attention to the issues of prevention of offenses, combating crime and ensuring effective control by public organizations in this regard. As a basis, we can cite the decree of the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan dated March 7, 2022 (PD-87) “On measures of further acceleration of work on the support of family and women”. This decree defines the provision of legality and law order among women, the implementation of modern methods and forms of crime prevention and crime control and strengthening public control in this area, the development of cooperation with civil society institutions.

RESEARCH METHODOLOGY AND EMPIRICAL ANALYSIS

We can divide women who are capable of committing a crime or have a tendency to do so into the following types [2].

The first type includes “women in deviant behavior”, which means, “deviation from the norm.” In the behavior of women this type is characterized by deviations from the social procedures adopted in society and non-observance of these procedures, as well as their violation.

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Women of this type, most often, do not have problems on the material side, or the offenses are committed by the girls of teenage age. Also offenses such as neglect or non-recognition of etiquette in educational institutions or jobs are committed by women of this type. At first glance, such offenses may seem simple, petty hooliganism, but such behavior is considered as a first stage of major crimes that endanger humanity and society.

In psychology, there are different views and approaches to the occurrence of deviant behavior. The variety of approaches is also prominent in solving practical tasks such as diagnosing the deviation of an individual's behavior, preventing it and eliminating situations related to the deviation behavior identified during the provision of social psychological assistance [3].

American psychologist C.Rogers (1902-1987) believes that the internal conflict between a person's unrealistic, distorted ideas about himself, the need for conflicting experience and self-awareness, and dependence on external assessments are the main causes of people's deviant behavior [4]. This means that the person who commits deviant behavior wants to correctly assess their actions and reduce the feeling of dependence from the surrounding phenomena.

Women who commit offenses caused by frostbite (helplessness) can be attributed to the second type. For women who fall into a state of helplessness, looking for any solution to a difficult situation, illegal work also seems to be a solution to the problem. Women are more prone to mental injury in situations of acute conflict with people in or around their marriage and highly assess the threat posed. It is at such a moment that any situation appears as a solution to this difficult situation.

The third type is alienation from society – “autism”. Negative traits of this category of delinquent women are formed in conditions of insufficient social control or extremely negative circumstances. For example, the reason may be a turbulent atmosphere in the family, emotional tension in childhood, cowardice and many other psychological factors.

CONCLUSION AND DISCUSSION

In general, the causes and conditions of a crime or offense always have socio-psychological characteristics, and these socio-psychological characteristics also have their own stages of development. In determining the level, dynamics and trend of violations between women, categorization and division of offender women into types helps to develop the necessary educational and preventive measures and determine when and in what way they should be carried out.

Before carrying out the prevention of women, who have a tendency to commit an offense, it is necessary to study in depth the socio-psychological state of women of all the above types, identify the factors that caused the occurrence of this condition, evaluate them, develop and

apply educational and preventive measures to prevent women of this type from committing an offense.

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